

IRISH TREATY TERMS AND OATH

TO-NIGHT'S WEATHER—Partly Cloudy.

THE
EVENING
WORLD
**FINAL
EXTRA**

The

Evening

World.

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EVENING
WORLD
**FINAL
EXTRA**

"Circulation Books Open to All."

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PRICE THREE CENTS

ERIN GRANTED SELF-GOVERNMENT AS DOMINION, BRITAIN WITHDRAWING TROOPS AND AUTHORITY

PRESIDENT IN MESSAGE ASKS FOR TAX REVISION AND INDUSTRIAL COURT

Suggests Creation of Tribunal
to Deal With Labor
Disputes.

ASKS GRAIN FOR RUSSIA.

Wants Tariff Adjusted, Far-
mers Aided and Revision of
Shipping Act.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—President Harding informed Congress to-day in his first annual message that "a most gratifying world accomplishment" by the Arms Conference "is not improbable."

This message was delivered by the President in person in the chamber of the House and in the presence of the delegates to the conference and most of the diplomats regularly stationed in Washington.

The text of the message is as follows:

"Mr. Speaker and Members of the Congress:

"It is a very gratifying privilege to come to the Congress with the republic at peace with all the nations of the world. More, it is equally gratifying to report that our country is not only free from every impending menace of war, but there are growing assurances of the permanency of the peace which we so deeply cherish."

"In the main the contribution of this Republic to restored normalcy in the world must come through the initiative of the executive branch of this Government, but the best intentions and most carefully considered purposes would fail utterly if the sanction and the co-operation of the Congress were not cheerfully accorded."

"I am very sure we shall have no conflict of opinion about constitutional duties or authority."

"Encroachment upon the functions of Congress or attempted dictation of its policy are not to be thought of much less attempted, but there is an insistent call for harmony, purpose and concord of action to speed the solution of difficult problems confronting both the legislative and executive branches of the Government."

PARTY IN POWER SHOULD ASSUME RESPONSIBILITY.

"It is worth while to make allusion here to the character of our Government, mindful as one must be that an address to you is no less a message to our people for whom you speak most intimately. Ours is a popular government through political parties. We divide along political lines, and I would ever have it so. I do not mean that partisan preferences should hinder any public servant in the performance of a conscientious and patriotic official duty. We saw partisan lines utterly obliterated."

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**RELATIONS RESUMED
BY U. S. AND BULGARIA**

Minister Wilson Visits King Boris in Sofia.

SOFIA, Dec. 6. (Associated Press).—Full diplomatic relations between Bulgaria and the United States were resumed to-day when Charles S. Wilson, the American Minister, presented his credentials to King Boris. Minister Wilson was escorted to the Royal Palace by a detachment of Bulgarian cavalry.

Greetings of friendship were exchanged between King Boris and the American Minister.

3 TRAPPED BY FIRE, BOY BURNED, AFTER TURPENTINE BLAST

Firemen Rescue Trio Through
Rear Window of East Side
Paint Shop.

A curious small boy named Johnny Carbone, living at No. 213 Christie Street, started to investigate a fifty-gallon barrel of turpentine in the open doorway of Isidor Bund's paint store on the ground floor of the five-story tenement at No. 211 Christie Street at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Bund had withdrawn five gallons of the fluid a few minutes before.

Nobody knows just what form Johnny's investigation took, but Max Hochman, who was looking at him from across the street, saw a curtain of flame suddenly spread across the front of the paint store and heard a terrific explosion. Out of the flame darted Johnny Carbone with his clothing burning like a torch. At the corner of Stanton Street, a few doors from Bund's store, Johnny dropped and a few bystanders smothered the fire in his clothes.

In the store at the time of the explosion were Bund, his bookkeeper, Charlotte Farb of No. 2 Suffolk Street, and Jacob Blum, who was buying a paint brush. The desk of the bookkeeper was within five feet of the explosion. She was showered with flaming turpentine, but, fortunately, her clothing did not catch fire.

The whole front of the store was ablaze and the door was like the mouth of a furnace. Bund, Blum and Miss Farb ran to the rear to face three windows protected by heavy iron bars, too close together to allow the passage of a human body.

Something providential restrained the trapped trio from opening a window. In that case they would have created a draught which would have swept the blaze in front across and through the stack of paints and wall paper and made the room a death trap.

Truck No. 9 responded to an alarm sounded by Patrolman Kitson in an almost incredibly brief space of time. Lieut. Tuberty sized up the situation at a glance.

With three of his men he ran through the tenement hallway to the rear yard. It was the work of a minute to pry loose two of the bars on one of the windows. While other firemen of an engine company attacked the blaze in front, Tumulty and his men pulled Bund and Blum and Miss Farb through the window to safety.

There were three ambulances on the scene by this time—one from Gouverneur Hospital and two from Volunteer. Ambulance surgeons treated the burns of Bund and Blum and Miss Farb and Johnny Carbone was taken to Gouverneur. He denied that he dropped a match into the barrel of turpentine.

The blaze did not spread above the ground floor. The tenants in the upper floors had no difficulty in escaping when danger threatened.

B. R. T. DIVIDENDS PAID FROM CAPITAL, AS WELL AS I. R. T.

Comptroller of Company Out-
lines Financial Transactions
to Transit Commission.

SHEFFIELD TESTIFIES.

Receiver Admits He Loaned
Interborough \$1,000,000
to Avoid Bankruptcy.

That the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, as well as the Interborough, was addicted to the habit of paying dividends out of capital was brought out in the Transit Commission inquiry this afternoon. Howard Abel, comptroller of the B. R. T., testified that in January, 1917, when the company owned \$4,200,000 to banks and had \$5,675,805 outstanding in bills payable and a cash balance of only \$1,260,000, the directors met and declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. Two more dividends of a similar amount were declared in 1917, although the financial condition of the company steadily grew worse.

In February, 1918, with \$57,735,000 worth of bonds maturing in July, the directors met and decided to pass the quarterly dividend.

"This," remarked Clarence Shearn, the Commission's counsel, "is the only bright spot in the inquiry thus far."

James R. Sheffield, receiver and trustee of the Interborough Consolidated Corporation, the holding concern of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, was the first witness. Mr. Sheffield testified that in December, 1919, he collected from the Interborough \$1,300,000, which had been borrowed in two installments, one of \$500,000 without interest in 1918, and the other of \$800,000 with interest on March 29, 1919.

Having collected the \$1,300,000, Receiver Sheffield promptly released \$1,000,000 of it to the Interborough. This loan was made with the sanction of Judge Julius M. Mayer of the Federal Court.

"It was a hectic New Year's Eve," remarked Alfred R. Cook, Mr. Sheffield's attorney, to Clarence Shearn, counsel to the Transit Commission, when the Interborough Consolidated receiver had testified to this transaction. "The Interborough had

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**SENATE PASSES BILL
GIVING ARMY SUPPLIES
FOR RUSSIAN RELIEF**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The Senate to-day passed its first bill of the session, a message directing the Secretary of War to turn over to the American Relief Administration surplus medical and surgical supplies for use in the famine districts of Russia. Attempts by Senator France, Republican, Maryland, to broaden the scope of the measure to include many other supplies and to authorize the sending of a commission to Russia were rejected.

**PRISONER KILLS HIMSELF
AFTER HIS ARREST**

A man brought to Newark, N. J. Police Headquarters this afternoon by Detective Rowe, who arrested him on suspicion, committed suicide by drinking cyanide of potassium. He had given the name of U. De Fauso. As he entered a washroom followed by a detective he put his hand to his lips and drank from a vial. He was dead when an ambulance came.

He is believed to have been involved in some trouble in Philadelphia.

POPE BENEDICT MUCH GRATIFIED BY IRISH TREATY

Message Received in Washington
Declares He Expressed Great
Satisfaction.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.
(By the Associated Press.)

Pope Benedict, a message from Rome to-day said, expressed great satisfaction on learning that an agreement had been reached by the British and Sinn Fein delegates affording a basis for settlement of the Irish question.

MEYER COMMITTEE RESUMES INQUIRY; DIGS INTO DOCKS

Investigates Letting of a Con-
tract for Lease of a Pier
in Brooklyn.

The investigation being conducted into the administration of city departments by the Meyer Legislative Committee was resumed to-day in the County Court House. Instead of taking up the Department of Public Welfare which it was believed would take place, Senator Schuyler M. Meyer continued the investigation into the affairs of the Dock Department.

The first witness in the afternoon session was R. C. Scholz, Vice President of the Kerr Steamship Company. Senator Meyer started on the trial of \$34,950 paid to various persons for obtaining a pier at the foot of 33d Street, Brooklyn. The trial it was indicated by testimony, led first to Edward Kelly, assistant general manager of the Clyde Steamship Company. Then to a Mr. H. B. James, whose connection seemed very vague.

Mr. Scholz declared that when Mr. Kerr, President of the steamship company, told him that they wished to obtain the pier he first got into touch with Mr. Kelly early in 1917 and asked him if he could arrange it. He said that Kelly later said that he was confident that it could be arranged. He also declared that Kelly said he would have to be compensated for his services. The rate of compensation, according to Mr. Scholz, was the weekly difference between the Dock Department rate of wharfage and the actual market value of the pier.

**JERSEY FIGHT HEAD
RESIGNS SUDDENLY**

Robert Doherty, Chairman of the New Jersey State Boxing Board, has quit his job suddenly. His resignation comes following the appointment of the former Chairman to another position given him by Gov. Edwards. Charles Lyons, one of the three Commissioners, has been mentioned as the likely successor to Doherty.

**TAKE FIRST MOVE
ON TARIFF BILL**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The first move to carry into effect the recommendations of the President for greater flexibility in the proposed Permanent Tariff Law was made to-day by Senator Smoot, Republican, Utah, who introduced amendments to the bill under consideration by the Senate Finance Committee embodying in detail the suggestions outlined by Mr. Harding.

IRISH FREE STATE CREATED BY BRITAIN FORCES ULSTER IN FOR AT LEAST ONE MONTH

North May Then Withdraw, but
Only With Present Powers, While
South Is to Have Provisional Gov-
ernment and Complete Authority.

England Agrees to Call Home Her
Armed Forces, Leaving Dail to
Enforce Order—Allegiance Form
Is Accepted by Sinn Fein Envoys.

"Irish Free State," Is Erin's New Name.

(By Associated Press.)
BIRMINGHAM, England, Dec. 6.
Ireland hereafter will be known officially as "the Irish Free State," under the agreement reached at last night's London conference, it was announced by Lord Chancellor Birkenhead in an address here to-day.

LONDON, Dec. 6 (Associated Press).—England and Ireland awoke this morning from a troubled sleep of despondency over the Irish situation to learn the joyous news of a sensational and wholly unexpected agreement reached between the English and Irish conferees in to-day's small hours.

The negotiations for a settlement were considered yesterday to have definitely collapsed, and the compromise achieved in Premier Lloyd George's sombre little home in Downing Street after a night-long struggle seems likely to be chronicled as the most momentous event in the history of Anglo-Irish relations.

While the agreement must still be submitted to the Dail Eireann and the British Parliament for ratification, there was a disposition in all quarters in London this morning to regard the outlook as of the brightest.

The British Parliament will meet on Wednesday, Dec. 14, for a session limited exclusively to the Irish settlement question, it was officially announced to-night.

King George will open the Parliament in state.

The British Cabinet at its meeting to-day unanimously approved the draft agreement with the Sinn Fein and congratulated Prime Minister Lloyd George and the members of the delegation in the Irish conference on the success of the negotiations.

Arthur Griffith and George Gavan Duffy, two of the signers of the agreement on behalf of the Sinn Fein, visited Downing Street this afternoon. It is understood they went to discuss some details regarding the agreement.

The agreement binds both sides to recommend it to their Parliaments. It is a formal, detailed and conclusive document and its terms prevent the necessity for further negotiation.

Should the Dail Eireann agree to the document—and a disagreement is not looked for, as it meets satisfactorily the points raised by the Sinn Fein—it will be embodied in a bill and submitted to the British Parliament, which is expected to be called in special session to consider it.

Meanwhile, a provisional Government will be formed in Southern Ireland.

The agreement does not require Ulster's assent to make it effective. Ulster is given the option of contracting out within one month after the passage of the act, but if she exercises that option she must submit to a Boundary Commission and receive no more powers, financial or otherwise, than she has at present.

While the agreement has been sent to Sir James Craig, the Ulster Premier, an unfavorable decision from him will not prevent the scheme from maturing.

On the question of allegiance, a form of words was found which

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 1.)

OFFICIAL TERMS OF PEACE; NEW OATH BINDS IRELAND "IN COMMON CITIZENSHIP"

Sinn Fein Agrees to Limit Army to
Proportions as in England and to
Grant All Facilities for Military
Defense, if Required.

LONDON, Dec. 6 (Associated Press).—The articles of agreement in the "treaty between Great Britain and Ireland," as the agreement reached last night is designated, provides in Article IV, that the oaths to be taken by the members of the Parliament of the Irish Free State shall be in the following form:

"I do solemnly swear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the Irish Free State as by law established, and that I will be faithful to His Majesty King George V., and his heirs and successors by law, in virtue of the common citizenship of Ireland with Great Britain and her adherence to and membership of the group of nations forming the British Commonwealth of Nations."

This appears in the text of the agreement officially given out to-night.

Other of the articles of the agreement are textually as follows:

"ARTICLE VII.—The Government of the Irish Free State shall afford to His Majesty's Imperial force (a), in time of peace such harbor and other facilities as are indicated in the annex hereto, or such other facilities as may from time to time be agreed between the British Government and the Government of the Irish Free State; and (b), in time of war or of strained relations with a foreign power such harbor and other facilities as the British Government may require for the purposes of such defense, as aforesaid.

"ARTICLE VIII.—With a view to securing observance of the principle of international limitation of armaments, if the Government of the Irish Free State establishes and maintains a military defense force, the establishment thereof shall not exceed in size such proportion of the military establishments maintained in Great Britain as that which the population of Ireland bears to the population of Great Britain."

**IRISH PEACE SIGNED IN ROOM
WHERE BRITAIN LOST AMERICA**

Agreement Arrived at Where Decision to Enter
World War Was Reached.

BIRMINGHAM, England, Dec. 6.

"The Irish pact was signed in the same room in Downing Street that witnessed the loss of the American colonies," Lord Chancellor Birkenhead said here to-day. "It was also in this room that the decision to enter the World War was made. Now it has witnessed a new phase of British history."

**DE VALERA SILENT;
ULSTER CABINET
CONFERS TO-NIGHT**

Sinn Fein Chief Expresses His
Surprise When Informed of
Settlement.

DUBLIN, Dec. 6.

When Eamon De Valera arrived from Limerick to-day he expressed surprise over the Irish settlement, but made no statement.

BELFAST, Dec. 6.—Sir James Craig announced to the Ulster Parliament at 4 P. M. that the Sinn Fein-British peace agreement had just been received. The Cabinet will discuss the pact this evening, he said.

Premier Craig told the House he had not broken the seal of the proposals document and he declined to foreshadow the Cabinet's attitude.

Parliament then adjourned without considering the agreement.

(Racing Entries and Results on Page 3.)